Study programme: Bachelor with honors in Geography Teaching, Bachelor with honors in Geography Course title: Fieldwork 3 (G308)

Teacher(s): dr Tamara Lukić (born Kovačević)

Status: compulsory

ECTS: 3

Requirements: none

Learning objectives

Students must be trained to apply their theoretical knowledge on the fieldwork. They should be prepared for individual study of the forms, processes and phenomena. To teach students to analyze geographic content. Explain them the principles of critical observation and comparison of the results published in the scientific literature with the morphological and morphogenetic conditions in the space. In addition, teach them how to synthesize data collected in the field and thus enrich their own perception of geo-space.

Learning outcomes

Application of acquired knowledge in the study of a space. Acquiring new knowledge by analyzing forms, processes and phenomena on the specific geographic area.

Syllabus

Theoretical and practical part: During the five day of fieldwork, students are able to learn about the geographical regions of the eastern, southeastern and southwestern part of the Republic; many natural rarities, geo-morphological forms, phenomena and processes, hydrographic objects (sources and springs, rivers, lakes), to review the stages of urban development (from the 'Lepenski Vir', to nowadays), ethnic diversity, economic diversity, types of settlements, tourist value (archaeological sites, religious buildings, the old core cities, cultural institutions). During the tour of the Eastern Serbia, students will be able to critically observe specific sites and analyze geographic contents from aspects of the acquired theoretical knowledge and facts available.

Literature

- 1. Griffiths, H. I., Krystufek, B., & Reed, J. M. (2004): Balkan biodiversity. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, 10, 978-1.
- 2. Dukić, D.(1977): Vode Srbije, Posebna izdanja SGD, knj. 44, Beograd
- 3. Kostić, M. (1974): Banje Srbije, Zbornik radova GI Jovan Cvijić 25, Beograd
- 4. Nikitović, V. (ur) (2015): Populacije Srbije početkom 21. veka, Repuplički zavod za statistiku, Beograd, 293.
- 5. Marković, J., Pavlović, M. (1995): Geografske regije Jugoslavije, Savremena administracija, Beograd
- 6. Rakićević, T. (1976): Klimatske karakteristike istočne Srbije. Zbornik radova GI Jovan Cvijić, 28
- 7. Reed, J. M., Kryštufek, B., & Eastwood, W. J. (2004): The physical geography of the Balkans and nomenclature of place names (pp. 9-22). Springer Netherlands.
- 8. Ršumović, R. (1974): Turističke regije Istočne Srbije, Zbornik radova GI Jovan Cvijić, 26.
- 9. Stanković, S. (2001): Putevima Jugoslavije, Univerzitet u Beogradu, Geografski fakultet, Beograd
- Stojanović, Z. S., Švarc-Gajić, J. V., Đorđević, M. Z., Grahovac, N. L., Vasin, J. R., Đurović, A. D., & Kravić, S. Ž. (2015): Study on the quality of ground, spring and river waters in south-east Serbia. Hemijska industrija, 69(2), 185-192.
- 11. Cvetkovic, V., Prelević, D., & Schmid, S. (2016): Geology of South-Eastern Europe. In Mineral and Thermal Waters of Southeastern Europe (pp. 1-29). Springer International Publishing.

Weekly teaching load 3 (45)	Lectures	Other forms of teaching 3
Methods of Teaching		

Field observations, the use of different geographical and other special maps, sketches, profiles, plans, different instruments and questionnaires.

Grading method (maximum 100 points) 100