**Study Programme: Biology** Degree level: Master degree Course Title: Phylogeography Professor: dr Vesna Milankov, dr Ljubinka Francuski Marčetić **Elective Course: Number of ECTS: 8 Prerequisites: Course Objective:** Phylogeography is a field of study concerned with the principles and processes governing geographic distributions of genealogical lineages. The Phylogeography course is the course concerned with relationships between gene genealogies, population demography and organismal history as well. Phylogeography as a multidiscipline covers the molecular evolutionary genetics, natural history, population biology, paleontology, historical geography and speciation analysis. **Course Outcome:** Students obtain a basic knowledge linking factors responsible for geographic pattern of molecular genetic diversity. **Course Content:** Theoretical part: Historical geography; Geologic time scale; The history of Earth: Biological evidence; Intraspecies phylogeography: Methods of analyses; Spatial and temporal patterns of genetic diversity: Principles and processes responsible for geographic distribution of evolutionary lineages, Ecological factors in origin geographic distribution of features and cline of adaptive characteristics; Coalescent theory; Phylogenetic categories or relationship; Demography-Phylogeny connections: Intraspecific patterns in humans and other animals: Phylogeographic hypotheses: Genealogical concordance; Concordance and phylogeographic depth; Speciation processes and extended genealogy. Practical part: Genetic diversity: methods and molecular markers; Intraspecies taxa; Evolutionarily significant units;

## **Reading List:**

**Total hours:** 

Video beam

Remark:

1. Avise, J.C. (2000): Phylogeography: The History and Formaiton of Species. Harvard University Press.

Species fragmentation and spatially structured populations: organization of genetic diversity, methods in study of fragmentation populations; Empirical intraspecific phylogeography: human analyses; Biogeographical analyses of genetic diversity of isolated and island populations; Molecular clock; Biogeographical history of taxa: postglacial

2. Avise, J.C. (2004): Molecular Markers, Natural History, and Evolution. Sinauer Associates, Inc.

## Lectures: 2 **Methods** of instruction:

expansion, islands and mountains.

Assessment (maximum number of points 100)

Practicals: 2

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Requirements	points		Final exam		points
Active participation in lectures		10	Practical		exam
Active participation in	30		Oral exam		60
practicals					
Test(s) or					
Pre-exam testing					

Other:

Student research work: